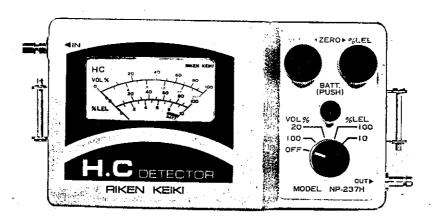
INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR . RIKEN PORTABLE COMBUSTIBLE DETECTOR MODEL NP-237H

(General use)



RIKEN KEIKI CO., LTD. 2-7-6 AZUSAWA ITABASHI-KU TOKYO, 174 JAPAN

	1. Introduction1	
	2. Detection principle1	
	3. Basic Specifications2	
	4. Operation4	·
	4-1 Check before use4	•
	4-2 Preparation5	
<i>y</i>	4-3 Measurement6	
	4-4 Treatment after this measurement6	
	5. Caution7	
	6. Maintenance and Inspection	
	7. Measurement of gas under special condition10 (By use of optional accessories)	
	8. Standard accessories11	

e de la companya de l

1. Introduction

The model NP-237H is designed for measurement of hydrocarbon gas/vapours of crude oil gas etc in inert gas or air, and can accurately measure the concentration of hydrocarbon/gasvapours with a wide range of 0 to 100 vol% by mainpulation of 4-selector switch.

The element to detect the sample gas consists of 2 types; a catalytic combustion element and a thermal conductivity; the gas concentration up to the lower explosive limit (LEL) is measured by the catalytic combustion element, and the gas concentration up to 100 vol% over LEL, by the thermal conductivity element.

2. Detection principle

1) Catalytic combustion method

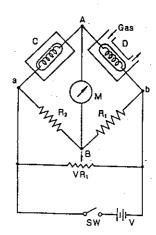
The values of LEL concentration of combustible gas vary with the kinds of gases, but the calorific values of combustion of thoses gases at LEL concentration are almost the same except for some cases.

Ce.Q = const...
(Burgers wheeler Law)

Ce : Concentration at the lower explosive limit (LEL)

Q : Calorific value of combustion per mol (kcal/mol)

As a detection principle of combustible gas detector which is used for prevention of explosion, a method tomeasure the calorific value of combustion is most suitable and ideal.



D : Detecting element

C : Compensating element

R1,R2: Fixed resistor (R1, R2 modulized)

M : Meter

Vr1: Zero adj. potentio-

meter

Combustible gas is introduced to the element preheated to an appropriate temperature so that its catalytic combustion is caused, and the changes in electric resistance of platinum filament due to the then generated heat of combustion are detected on the wheatstone bridge. This electric output is directly in proportion to the concentration of combustible gas.

2) Thermal conductivity method

The thermal conductivity method is to measure the thermal conductivity of gas. Like the catalytic combustion method, the platinum filament is heated to a fixed temperature, and when introduce combustible gas to the filament, the heat radiation from the platinum filament increased because the thermal conductivity of combustible gas is greater than that of air. The temperature of the filament decreases due to this change (increase in the heat radiation), and the electric resistance decreases. If measure this change in the electric resistance, it is possible to know the gas concentration is combustible gas mixture.

The make-up of the bridge circuit is the same as that of the catalytic combustion system.

3. Basic Specifications

1) Model

: NP-237H

2) Measurable gas

: CH4 in air

* LPG or LNG available on request

3) Detection principle

: %LEL range : Catalytic combustion (CH4 in air)

vol% range: Thermal conductivity

(CH4 in air)

4) Measuring range

: 0-10%LEL, 0-100%LEL

0-20vo.%, 0-100vo1%

5) Accuracy

: Better than $\pm 20\%$ FS in the range of 0-10%LEL

 $^{\prime\prime}$ \pm 5% FS in the range of 0-100%LEL

" \pm 5% FS in the range of 0-20% vol%

 $\pm 20\%$ against reading in the range of

0-100vo1%

(At constant temp.)

6) Response time

: Within 20 sec to 90% response

(Instrument only)

7) Ambient temp

: -10°C to 40°C

8) Explosion-proof

: id2G3 approved intrinsically safe by Ministry of

Labour in Japan. (in the name of model NP-237H)

9) Power source

: Dry cell x 4 pcs.

10) Continuous operation

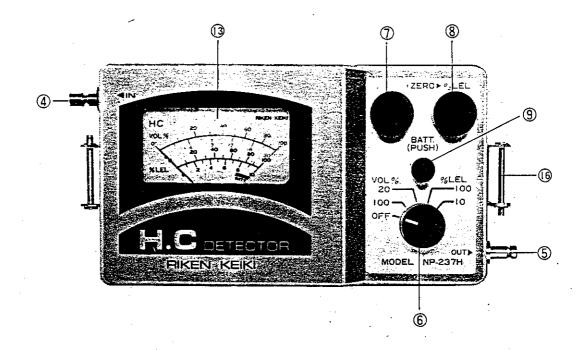
: Above 7 hrs.

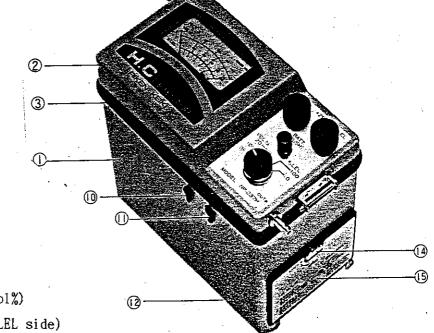
11) Output dimension

: Approx. $160(W) \times 90(H) \times 150(D)$ mm

12) Weight

: Approx. 2.7 kgs (Instrument only)





- ① Bottom case
- ② Top case
- 3 Packing
- 4 Gas inlet
- ⑤ Gas outlet
- 6 Selector switch
- Zero adjusting knob (vol%)
- Zero adjusting knob (%LEL side)
- Battery-voltage check push-button switch
- Span adjusting screw (vol% side)
- ① Span adjusting screw (%LEL side)
- ② Bottom case-fixing screw (2 places)
- Meter
- Battery cover screw mounting knob
- (B) Battery cover
- (6) Hanging belt guide

4. Operation

The measurement should be rightly performed in the order of the following paragraphs 4-1, 4-2, 4-3 and 4-4.

4-1. Check before use:

- 1) Check in the measuring instrument is damaged, especially, the meter window is cracked or the meter needle indicates the zero point.
- 2) Next, check the accessories. Particulary important are the checks of the filter tube with flow monitor installed to the side of the carying case, and the gas sampling tube.

《Check points of filter tube with flow monitor》

- * Check if there is a crack adversely affecting the suction of gas.

 (If any small crack is found, cover it with cellophane adhesive tape.)
- * Check if the internal cotton-wool filter is fouled.

 (If fouled, replace it with new one.)
- * Check if waterdrops are sucked.

 (If they are sucked, wipe them off.)
- * Check if the caps with nipple at both side ends are loosened. (If loosened, re-tighten them.)

《Check points of gas sampling tube》

- * Check if the tube is bent, twisted or there is a hole in the tube.

 (If it is twisted or there is a hole in it, reinforce it with vinyl tape and repair it so that it becomes round.)
- * Check if the "quick-fit" coupler for connection to the instrument at the end of tube is normally fitted to the hose.

 (If it should be about to be disconnected, repair it with vinyl tape for makeshift so that no leak occurs, but make arrangements for prompt replacement.)
- 3) Check that no crack occurs in the junction tube between the gas inlet of the instrument and the filter tube with flow monitor, and they are normally connected.

4-2. Preparation

1) Check of battery voltage:

After setting the selector switch at the position of 100 vol%, press the "BATT." push-button, and the meter needle deflects. Then, if the needle needle indicates within "BATT" mark of the battery zone at the right lower part of the meter scale, the battery voltage is OK. If the meter needle shifts below "BATT" mark of the battery zone, replace the battery with new one. After this check of the battery voltage, turn the selector switch to the position of "OFF".

2) Connection of gas sampling hose:

Accurately connect the gas smapling hose (1m) to the filter tube with flow monitor at the side of the carrying case.

3) Air cleaning of gas sampling hose:

The air cleaning is performed by setting the selector switch to the measuring range corresponding to the concentration of the measurable gas under the condition that the gas samping hose is connected to the filter tube with flow monitor.

Then, take proper care to use the gas sampling hose as described in the preceding paragraph.

- * After setting the selector switch to 100%LEL or 20%LEL, have the hose suck fresh air for about 2 minutes. Then, check watching the flow monitor, that the air is normally sucked.
- * The meter needle will deflect immediately after the selector switch is set from OFF to 100%LEL or 10%LEL.

This deflection of meter needle will deflect combustible vapour which is absorbed in the gas smapling hose and stays in it. Therefore, the absorbed combustible gas vapours decreases as the time passes. So that the tube is almost entirely cleaned about 2 minutes later. At this time, make the zero adjustment according to the following paragraph 4).

* Warming-up of the instrument is performed concurrently with the suction of air for about 2 minutes, and then the time should not be shortened even when a new gas sampling hose is used. If the time is shortened, the accuracy during operation may slightly be dripped.

4) Zero-adjustment:

(1) Zero adjustment of vol% range measurement:

After the selector switch is set to teh position of 20vol% and the air cleaning time (about 2 minutes) according to paragraph 3) has passed, the meter needle should be set to the zero point by the zero adjusting knob at vol% side under the condition that the meter needle comes to be stabilized. Once the zero adjustment si made, absolutely do not touch the zero adjustment knob.

(2) Zero adjustment of %LEL range measurement:

After the selector switch is set to the position of 10%LEL and the air cleaning time (about 2 minutes) according to paragraph 3) (2) has passed, the meter needle is set to the zero point by the zero adjusting knob at %LEL side under the condition that the meter needle comes to be stabilized Once the adjustment is made, absolutely do not touch the zero adjusting knob until the measurement is finished. If the zero adjusting knob should be moved by mistake, carry out the air cleaning of the gas sampling hose of paragraph 3), and then make the zero adjustment.

· 4

4-3. Measurement

- 1) Operation in the meter scale of "VOL% side"

 Turn selector switch to 20 in fresh air and zero the meter needle with ZERO adjusting knob in the side of VOL%". Then start operation according to each range (199 or 20) suited for the smaple gas.
- 2) Operation in the meter scale of "%LEL".

 Turn selector switch to "10" in fresh air and zero the meter needle with ZERO adjusting knob in the side of "%LEL". Then start operation according to each range (100 or 10) suited for the sampling gas.

4-4. Treatment after this measurement

- i) Turn selector switch to "10%LEL" and make gas cleaning of model NP-237 until the meter needed comes around zero in fresh air under this condition.

 If this gas cleaning should not be performed, there may be the absorption of dust and combustible gas vapours and as it may cause the trouble of next measurement, it is noted to keep it in mind.
- ii) After having turned selector switch to "OFF", make power switch "OFF".

iii) Store the instrument at the room where vibration and drought are negligible. When keep it in custody for over 1 month, remove the battery and keep it.

5. Caution

- * Do not make the instrument draw water and oil nor give a big impulse.
- * Operate the instrument with carrying case on.
- * Replace dry cells with new ones in safety area.
- * This operation under 13% 02 can not be made in the range of "%LEL".
- 6. Maintenance and Inspection (By use of optional accessories)
 - 1) Air filter (Replacement of cotton wool): Replace the cotton wool in the filter tube with flow monitor every 8 hours operation time as a standard. Ideally, it is recommended that the cotton wool be replaced before measurement once a day.
 - 2) Gas sensitivity (span) adjusting method:

 Make the span adjustment approximately once a month by the following method.

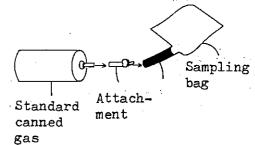
 For the span adjustment, use the gas smapling bag set, canned gas (option).

 Even within the span adjustment period, if a change in temprature is 10°C or higher, it is recommended to make span adjustment.

(1) Span adjustment:

a) Adjustment of 0 to 20vol% range:

After pushing the air out of the orange sampling bag (option) for adjustment of 0 to 20 vol% range, connect the orange sampling bag, attachment and



standard canned gas (with an orange label) to each other as shown in the right figure. When pressing the nozzle of the standard canned gas to the attachment, the span gas in the standard canned gas can be taken out into the smaping bag. When the sampling bag is filled with the span gas, stop pressing the nozzle to the attachment, bend the rubber tube and nip it by a pinch cock. Next, pull off the attachment from the rubber tube.

* Set the selector switch to 20%vol and perform the battery voltage check.

* After warming-up for about 2 minutes. If the meter needle becomes stable, set it to the zero point.

* Remove the pinch cock nipping the sampling Bag and apply it to the inner side of instrument.

* After the meter needle is stabilized, rotate the variable resistor of vol% span, and set the meter needle to the value of gas concentration written on the standard canned gas.

b) Adjustment of 0 to 100%LEL range:

Use the green samping bag (option) and the standard canned gas (with a green label) and rotate the variable resistor of "%LEL SPAN" by the selector switch, "O to 100%LEL", to make adjustment in the same way as that of vol% side.

* If it is impossible to se the meter needle at the indication of the standard canned gas thought the variable registor is rotated at both vol% side and %LEL side, the element is deteriorated, and then the element should be replaced with new one according to the pargraph of the replacement method of element unit.

(2) Cautions:

- * The span adjustment of vol% side should be made at safety area with no fire in the surroundings and well ventilated.
- * The standard canned gas which is not yet used can be sampled more that 5 times into the standard gas sampling bag.
- 3) Replacement method of battery (Dry-cell x 4 pcs): (Make sure to replace the battery at a place free from explosion.
 - * Take the instrument out of the carrying case.
 - $(\bullet \bigoplus \Longrightarrow \bullet \bigoplus \circ pen$ * After putting the tip of a minus screw driver or a coin in the slot of the knob for mounting the cell cover at the right side of the body and turning the knob rightly 90 °C counterclockwise while pushing the knob by the screw driver or coin, remove the cover in such a manner that it is pulled upward.
 - * After replacing the batteries with new onces set them by a procedure reverse to that of the removal.

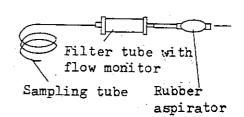
- 4) Replacement method of element unit: (Make sure to replace the sensor unit at a place free from explosion.)
 - * Take the instrument out of the carrying case, and then take out 4 Ni-Cd battery according to pragraph 3) of "Replacement method of battery".
 - * Pick up the plastic part of the element connector (3P) on the P>C> board of instrument with fingers and pull it off.
 - * Loosen and remove 2 screws for stopping the fixer plate of the element unit, and remove the fixer plate.
 - * Pick up the lead wire of the element and pull off the latter, then replace it with new one.
 - * Mount the sensor fixer plate and the bottom case by the procedure reverse to that of the removal, then set the Ni-Cd battery.
 - (Note) After replacing the element, make sure to cary out the span check according to the separate procedure.

(Refer to paragraph of the span adjusting method.)

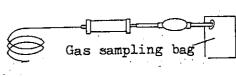
Element for vol%

Element for %LEL

- 7. Measurement of Gas Under Special Conditions (By use of optional accessories)
 - 7-1. Where the concentration of oxygen is less than 13vol% the diluter is used for %LEL range measurement. So that the accuracy of measurement will be dropped. Therefore, this methodshould not be used except for where circumstances are compelled to do.
 - 1) Connect the gas sampling hose the filter tube with flow monitor and the rubber aspirator as shown in the right figure, and fall the sampling tube through into the tank.



2) After more than 3 times' suction by means of the rubber aspirator, connect the air-purged green gas sampling bag to the outlet side of the rubber aspirator, and further carry out the suction about 20 times. However, if there is internal pressure in the tank, the sampling bag is promptly filled up, and then the suction should be stopped at that time.



Instrument

- 3) Connect the diltuter to the gas inlet (4) of the instrument, and set the selector switch(6) to "0 to 10% LEL".
- 4) Set the meter needle at Zero by means of the zero adjusting knob(8) at %LEL side.
- 5) Connect the gas sampling bag to the end of the diluter, and carry out the measurement of gas concentration.
- 6) The relatioon between the reading value and the concentration is as follows.

Gas sampling bag Concentration of gas (%LEL) = Reading value (%LEL) \times 10

Diluter

7-2. If the suction pump of the instrument should be out of order, connect the attached rubber aspirator to the gas outlet of the instrument, and have it suck the gas by the

rubber aspirator. After the suction by the rubber aspirator is performed

Gas sampling hose Filter with flow monitor 00 Rubber aspirator Instrument

just 15 times, read the indication. Others are according to the ordinary measuring method.

8. Standard accesspries

(1)	Gas sampling probe1	pce
(2)	Gas sampling hose (1m)1	рсе
(3)	Carring case with shoulder strap1	рсе
(4)	Filter tube with flow monitor1	рсе
(5)	Junction tube1	рсе
(6)	Dry cell4	pcs.
(7)	Cotton wool (50g)1	рсе
(8)	Test certificate	рсе
	Instruction manual	